

Union College Common Data Set 2022-2023

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A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A0. Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

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CDS URL on institution's website	https://www.union.edu/institutional-research/common-data-set-cds

A1. Address Information

Name of College/University	Union College
Mailing Address	807 Union Street
City/State/Zip/Country	Schenectady, NY 12308
Main Phone Number	518.388.6000
WWW Home Page Address	www.union.edu
Admissions Phone Number	518.388.6112
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number	888.843.6688
Admissions Office Mailing Address	Grant Hall, Union College
City/State/Zip/Country	Schenectady, NY 12308
Admissions Fax Number	N/A
Admissions E-mail Address	admissions@union.edu
Separate URL for online application	https://www.union.edu/admissions/apply

A2. Source of institutional control:

Private (nonprofit)

A3. Classify your undergraduate institution:

Coeducational College

A4. Academic year calendar:	
Trimester	
A5. Degrees offered by your institution:	

A6. Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion:

https://www.union.edu/campus-diversity-inclusion

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment

	FULL-TIME			PART-TIM	E	
	Men	Women	Other gender	Men	Women	Other gender
Undergraduates						
Degree-seeking, first-time, first- year	326	249				
Other first-year, degree-seeking	13	10				
All other degree-seeking	815	664				
Total degree-seeking	1,154	923	0	0	0	0
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	4	12		6	8	
Total undergraduates	1,158	935	0	6	8	0
Graduate						
Degree-seeking, first-time						
All other degree-seeking						
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses						
Total graduate	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total all students	1,158	935		6	8	

Total all undergraduates	Total all graduate	Grand total all students
2,107	0	2,107

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category

	Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first- year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree & non- degree-seeking)
Nonresidents	53	210	212
Hispanic/Latino	48	181	183
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	20	91	91
White, non-Hispanic	384	1,387	1,392
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	0	2	2
Asian, non-Hispanic	44	135	136
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	1	1	1
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	24	69	69
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	1	1	21

TOT	TOTAL 575		2,077	2,107			
B3. Number of Degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022							
	Bachelor's degrees 488						

Graduation Rates

B4-11. For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs: please provide data for the Fall 2016 cohort if available. If Fall 2016 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2015 cohort.

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS).

	Fall 2016 Cohort					
		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	a Subsidized Stafford Loan	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total	
A. (B4)	Initial 2016 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	77	153	330	560	
B. (B5)	Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: • Deceased • Permanently Disabled • Armed Forces • Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government • Official church missions • Report Total Allowable Exclusions	0	0	0	0	
C. (B6)	Final 2016 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	77	153	330	560	
D. (B7)	Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2020)	62	129	257	448	
E. (B8)	Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2020 and by Aug. 31, 2021)	4	5	16	25	
F. (B9)	Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2021 and by Aug. 31, 2022)	0	0	3	3	
G. (B10)	Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	66	134	276	476	
H. (B11)	Six-year graduation rate for 2016 cohort (G divided by C)	85.7%	87.6%	83.6%	85.0%	

	Fall 2015 Cohort						
		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	a Subsidized Stafford Loan	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total		
A. (B4)	Initial 2015 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	68	146	354	568		
B. (B5)	Of the initial 2015 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: • Deceased • Permanently Disabled • Armed Forces • Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government • Official church missions • Report Total Allowable Exclusions	0	0	0	0		
C. (B6)	Final 2015 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	68	146	354	568		
D. (B7)	Of the initial 2015 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2019)	53	126	273	452		
E. (B8)	Of the initial 2015 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2019 and by Aug. 31, 2020)	6	4	15	25		
F. (B9)	Of the initial 2015 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2020 and by Aug. 31, 2021)	1	2	0	3		
G. (B10)	Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	60	132	288	480		
H. (B11)	Six-year graduation rate for 2015 cohort (G divided by C)	88.2%	90.4%	81.4%	84.5%		

B22. Retention Rates

For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as first-year students in Fall 2021 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2022.	89%
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C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR ADMISSION

Applications

C1. First-time, first-year students

Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in **Fall 2022**.

- Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this
 cohort.
- Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).
- Since the total may include students who did not provide gender data, the detail need not sum to the total.
- Note that recent high school graduates and other students without prior postsecondary
 experience will still be considered "first-time students" for fall enrollment reporting purposes even
 if they enrolled in the summer prior to fall enrollment.

	Men	Women	Total
Total first-time, first-year who applied	4400	4058	8458
Total first-time, first-year who were admitted	2007	1927	3934
Total full-time, first-time, first-year who enrolled	326	249	575
Total part-time, first-time, first-year who enrolled	0	0	0

C2. First-time, first-year waitlisted students

Students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability.

Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	Yes
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list:	582
Number accepting a place on the waiting list:	231
Number of wait-listed students admitted:	10
Is your waiting list ranked?	No

Admission Requirements

C3. High school completion requirement

Identify your high school completion requirement for	High school diploma is required and GED is not
degree-seeking entering students:	accepted

C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

	Require	

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended

Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units required	Units recommended
Total academic units	13	19
English	4	4
Mathematics	3	4
Science	2	3
Of these, units that must be lab		
Foreign language	2	3
Social studies	2	2
History		2
Academic electives		
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		1
Other		

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications?

N/A

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking general admissions decisions

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic			<u>'</u>	
Rigor of secondary school record	Х			
Class rank	Х			
Academic GPA	Х			
Standardized test scores		Х		
Application Essay		Х		
Recommendation(s)		Х		
Nonacademic				
Interview			Х	
Extracurricular activities		Х		
Talent/ability		Х		
Character/personal qualities		Х		
First generation			Х	
Alumni/ae relation			Х	
Geographical residence			Х	
State residency			Х	
Religious affiliation/commitment				Х
Racial/ethnic status			Х	
Volunteer work		Х		
Work experience		Х		
Level of applicant's interest			Х	

SAT and ACT Policies

C8. Entrance Exams

Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission	n Yes
decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?	

Admission								
	Require Recommended Require for Consider if Not Consider Some Submitted							
SAT or ACT			Х					
ACT Only X								
SAT Only			X					

In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?	No
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Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission	January 15
Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission	January 15

If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

Testing is optional for all students (except for those applying to the combined law or medical programs, and for those who are homeschooled)

Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):					
	SAT X AP				
	ACT CLEP				
	SAT Subject Tests	Х	Institutional Exam		

First-time, first-year Profile

- C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year students enrolled in Fall 2022 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores.
 - Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who submitted test scores.

	Percent Submitting	Number Submitting	
SAT	38%	219	
ACT	17%	97	

• For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25th percentile (the score that 25 percent of the first-time, first-year population scored at or below) and the 75th percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

Assessment	25th Percentile	50th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Composite	1310	1390	1490
SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing	650	690	730
SAT Math	660	700	760
ACT Composite	29	31	33
ACT Math	27	29	33
ACT English	29	33	35
ACT Writing	8	8	9
ACT Science	27	30	34
ACT Reading	31	33	35

Percent of first-time, first-year students with scores in each range:

Score Range	SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing	SAT Math
700-800	43.38%	52.97%
600-699	47.49%	40.18%
500-599	8.68%	5.94%
400-499	0.46%	0.91%
300-399		
200-299		
Totals should = 100%	100%	100%

Score Range	SAT Composite
1400-1600	48.86%
1200-1399	47.03%
1000-1199	3.20%
800-999	0.91%
600-799	
400-599	
Totals should = 100%	100%

Score Range	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math	ACT Reading	ACT Science
30-36	62.89%	67.01%	43.30%	81.44%	53.61%
24-29	30.93%	25.77%	49.48%	11.34%	43.30%
18-23	6.19%	6.19%	7.22%	7.22%	3.09%
12-17		1.03%			
6-11					
Below 6					
Totals should = 100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information)

Assessment	Percent	
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	62%	Top half +
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	85%	bottom half = 100%
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	94%	
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	6%	
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	1%	

Percent of total first-time, first-year students who submitted high school class rank:	29%	
SCHOOL Class Talik.		

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Score Range	Percent	
Percent who had GPA of 4.0	14.09%	
Percent who had GPA between 3.75 and 3.99	18.78%	
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	24.70%	
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	20.52%	
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	14.61%	
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	6.96%	
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	0.35%	
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99		
Percent who had GPA below 1.0		
Totals should = 100%	100.00%	

C12. High school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students:

Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who submitted GPA:	91%
Percent of total first-time, first-year students who submitted high school GPA:	100%

Admission Policies

C13. Application Fee

Does your institution have an application fee?	Yes
Amount of application fee:	\$60
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	Yes
If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line:	Same fee
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	Yes

C14. Application closing date

Does your institution have an application closing date?	Yes
Application closing date (fall)	January 15

C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall?

v	_	_
Y	e	

C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent

By April 1

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants

Must reply by May 1st or within 2 weeks if notified thereafter

C18. Deferred admission

Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?	Yes
If yes, maximum period of postponement:	2 years

C19. Early admission of high school students

Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-time, first-year students one year or more before high school graduation?

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21. Early Decision

Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year applicants for fall enrollment?

First or only early decision plan closing date	November 1
First or only early decision plan notification date	December 15
Other early decision plan closing date	January 15
Other early decision plan notification date	February 8

For the Fall 2022 entering class:	
Number of early decision applications received by your institution	259
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	180

C22. Early Action

Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?

Early action closing date	November 1
Early action notification date	December 18

Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from	No
applying to other early plans?	

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students?

Yes	
If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring	Yes
credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	

D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2022

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	84	30	13
Women	78	32	10
Another Gender	0	0	0
Total	162	62	23

Application for Admission

D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

Χ	Fall	Χ	Spring
Х	Winter		Summer

D4. Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering first-year student?

Yes	
If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	15

D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
High school transcript	Х				
College transcript(s)	Х				
Essay or personal statement	Х				

<u> </u>	,				
Interview Standardized test		Х	X		
scores			^		
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	Х				
D6. If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):					
N/A					
D7. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):					

3.0

D8.	List any o	other app	lication req	uirements s	pecific to tra	ansfer applicants:

N/A

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		4/15			Х
Winter		11/1			Х
Spring		2/1			X
Summer					

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?

N/A

D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

Candidates for financial aid must submit the CSS Profile and FAFSA forms.

Transfer	Transfer Credit Policies					
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for a	any course that may be tra	ansferred for credit:				
	2.0					
D13. Maximum number of credits or cour institution:	ses that may be transferre	ed from a two-year				
Number	Unit 1	Туре				
18	Cour	rses				
D14. Maximum number of credits or cour institution:	ses that may be transferre	ed from a four-year				
Number	Unit 1	Гуре				
18	Cour	rses				
D15. Minimum number of credits that tran	nsfers must complete at yo	our institution to earn				
	N/A					
D16. Minimum number of credits that trana a bachelor's degree:	nsfers must complete at yo	our institution to earn				
	18.00					
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:						
N/A						
Military Service Transfer Credit Policies						
D18. Does your institution accept the following military/veteran transfer credits:						
	Yes	No				

- <u>-</u>
X
X
X
rses that may be transferred based on military an Council on Education (ACE):
Unit Type
Unit Type
fer policies published on your website?
No sfer credit policies unique to your institution:

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options

Χ	Accelerated program	Χ	Independent study
	Comprehensive transition and postsecondary program for students with intellectual disabilities	X	Internships
Х	Cross-registration	Х	Liberal arts/career combination
	Distance learning	Х	Student-designed major
Х	Double major	Х	Study abroad
Х	Dual enrollment		Teacher certification program
	English as a Second Language (ESL)	Χ	Undergraduate Research
	Exchange student program (domestic)		Weekend college
	External degree program		Other (specify):
Χ	Honors Program		

E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

	Arts/fine arts	Χ	Intensive writing
	Computer literacy	Χ	Mathematics
Х	English (including composition)		Philosophy
	Foreign languages	Χ	Sciences (biological or physical)
	History	Х	Social science
	Physical Education	Х	Other (describe): Languages and Cultures (LLC), Science, Engineering and Technology
X	Humanities		

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2022 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresidents from the numerator and denominator)	70%	67%
Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	20%
Percent of women who join sororities	0%	37%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	99%	92%
Percent who live off campus or commute	1%	8%
Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	0%
Average age of full-time students	18	20
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	20

F2. Activities offered

Identify those programs available at your institution.

Х	Campus Ministries		Musical theater
Х	Choral groups		Opera
Х	Concert band	Χ	Pep band
Х	Dance	Χ	Radio station
Х	Drama/theater	Χ	Student government
Х	International Student Organization	Χ	Student newspaper
Х	Jazz band	Χ	Student-run film society
Х	Literary magazine	Χ	Symphony orchestra
	Marching band	Χ	Television station
Х	Model United Nations	Χ	Yearbook
Х	Music ensembles		

F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
Army ROTC is offered:	X	Siena College
Naval ROTC is offered:	X	RPI
Air Force ROTC is offered:	X	RPI

F4. Housing

Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

Х	Coed dorms	Χ	Fraternity/sorority housing
	Men's dorms		Cooperative housing
	Women's dorms	Х	Theme housing
	Apartments for married students		Wellness housing
Х	Apartments for single students		Living Learning Communities
	Special housing for disabled students		Other housing options (specify):
	Special housing for international students		

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

https://www.union.edu/financial-aid-family-financing/net-price-calculator

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the **FULL 2023-2024** academic year. (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits).

- A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a fourone-four plan.
- Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.
- Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are **not** included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.)
- Do **not** include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	First-Year	Undergraduates
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS		
Tuition	\$66,105	\$66,105
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
Tuition: In-district		
Tuition: In-state (out-of-district)		
Tuition: Out-of-state		
Tuition: Non-resident		
FOR ALL INSTITUTIONS		
Required Fees	\$351	\$351
Room and Board (on-campus):	\$16,389	\$16,389
Room Only (on-campus):	\$9,027	\$9,027
Board Only (on-campus meal plan):	\$7,362	\$7,362

G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition

Minimum	Maximum
	4

G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?

Yes	No
	X

G4. Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?

Yes No

	X
G5.	Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,500		
Room only:			
Board only:			
Room and board total:			
Transportation:			
Other expenses:	\$600		

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	\$7,345.00
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS:	
In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENTS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

- Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.
- **Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.
- **Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.
- **Institutional scholarships and grants:** Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.
- Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.
- **Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).
- Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.
- **Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.
- **Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.
- **Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.
- **Private student loans:** A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.
- **External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.
- **Work study and employment:** Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates in the following categories.

- Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid).
- Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the needbased aid.

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for **items H1, H2, H2A**, and **H6** below:

Which	Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?	
	Federal methodology (FM)	
	Institutional methodology (IM)	
Χ	Both FM and IM	

	Need-based	Non-need-based
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	\$1,793,400	\$300,694
State all states, not only the state in which your institution is located	\$909,748	\$93,937
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$54,072,913	\$11,668,150
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g. Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$708,690	\$250,016
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$57,484,751	\$12,312,797
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$3,920,445	\$8,951,859
Federal Work-Study	\$400,000	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$655,000	
Total Self-Help	\$4,975,445	\$8,951,859
Parent Loans	\$0	\$2,876,642
Tuition Waivers	\$0	\$1,059,893
Athletic Awards	\$24,000	\$26,000

- H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source.
 - Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.
 - Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.
 - In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time, first-time, first-year students should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		Full-time First-time First-year	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
Α	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2022 cohort)		2077	
	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	418	1329	
С	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	343	1176	
	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	343	1176	
Ε	Number of students in line d who were awarded any needbased scholarship or grant aid	341	1174	
F	Number of students in line d who were awarded any needbased self-help aid	300	1072	
G	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non- need-based scholarship or grant aid	2	8	
Н	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	343	1176	
I	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100%	100%	
J	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$53,740	\$53,150	
	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e	\$49,020	\$47,100	
L	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans,</u> <u>unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	\$4,984	\$5,726	
М	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans,</u> <u>unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$3,742	\$4,850	

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants

- List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid.
- Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.
- In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time, first-time, first-year students should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		Full-time First-time First-year	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	195	660	
0	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$20,200	\$16,800	
	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	0	1	
Q	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	0	\$26,000	

Note:

H4 and H5

Include:

- 2022 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022.
- Only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- Co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- Students who transferred in.
- Money borrowed at other institutions.
- Parent loans.
- Students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree).
- Any aid related to the CARE Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- H4. Provide the number of students in the 2022 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022. Exclude students who transferred into your institution.

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed

The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources.

	Source/Type of Loan	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per- undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
A	Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	271	57.00%	\$37,284
В	Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	255	54.00%	\$22,019
С	Institutional loan programs.	80	17.00%	\$12,101
D	State loan programs.	12	3.00%	\$48,567
E	Private student loans made by a bank or lender.	51	11.00%	\$57,610

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresidents

H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresidents:

Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available
Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking	173
nonresidents, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresidents	
who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate	\$49,197
degree-seeking nonresidents:	

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate	\$8,511,121
degree-seeking nonresidents:	

H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

	Institution's own financial aid form	International Student's Certification of Finances
Х	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	Other (specify):
	International Student's Financial Aid Application	

Process for First-Year Students

H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

Χ	FAFSA	Χ	Noncustodial PROFILE
	Institution's own financial aid form		Business/Farm Supplement
Χ	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE		Other (specify):
Х	State aid form		

H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year students:

Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:	January 15
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:	January 15

H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year students (answer a or b):

o) Stu	idents notified on a rolling basis:			No
H11.	Indicate reply dates:			
Stude	ents must reply by (date):		M	lay 1
	Types o	f Aid A	Available	
H12.	Loans			
Х	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans		Federal Nursing Loan	s
Х	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		State Loans	
Х	Direct PLUS Loans	Х	X College/university loans from inst	
	Federal Perkins Loans		Other (specify):	
X	SEOG	Х	College/university sch from institutional funds United Negro College	Fund
Х	SEOG		United Negro College	Fund
Χ	State scholarships/grants		Federal Nursing Scho	larship
Χ	Private scholarships		Other (specify):	
	Check off criteria used in awarding	institu	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
	emics		X	X
	ni affiliation			
Art .				
Athlet			Х	X
Job sl			V	
ROTO			Х	
	ership ity status			
	ity status c/drama			_
viusic	Julailla			_

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

N/A

Religious affiliation
State/district residency

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

11. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2022. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

		Full-time	Part-time
А	Instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
В	Administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
С	Other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
D	Undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
Е	Faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
F	Faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
G	Replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: for example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
Α	Total number of instructional faculty	212	21	233
В	Total number who are members of minority groups	27	2	29
С	Total number who are women	92	7	99
D	Total number who are men	120	14	134
Е	Total number who are nonresidents (international)	18		18
F	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	208	21	229
G	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	1		1
Н	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	2		2
I	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	1		1
J	Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students			

12. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2022 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students.

Fall 2022 Student to Faculty ratio	9 to 1 (based on 2077 students and 219.9 faculty)
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13. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2022 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2022. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	100	166	82	32	5	0	0	385
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-								

J. DISCIPLINARY AREAS OF DEGREES CONFERRED

J1. Degrees conferred between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2020 Categories to Include
Agriculture				01
Natural resources and conservation			1.9%	03
Architecture				04
Area, ethnic, and gender studies			2.4%	05
Communication/journalism				09
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			3.4%	11
Personal and culinary services				12
Education				13
Engineering			14.2%	14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			4.2%	16
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English			1.9%	23
Liberal arts/general studies			0.2%	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			14.5%	26
Mathematics and statistics			4.2%	27
Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
Interdisciplinary studies			0.5%	30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies			2.4%	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			5.4%	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			7.4%	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services				43
Public administration and social services				44
Social sciences			28.1%	45
Construction trades			20.170	46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving				49

TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	
Other				
History			3.0%	54
Business/marketing			1.9%	52
programs				
Health professions and related				51
Visual and performing arts			4.4%	50

Common Data Set Definitions

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- *Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Clock hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as contact hour.

Common Data Set 2019-2020

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or recognized postsecondary credential. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

Common Data Set 2019-2020

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 clock hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more clock hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 clock hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact/clock hour requirements:

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 clock hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 clock hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 clock hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

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*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, clock hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

- 1. Non-need institutional grants
- 2. Non-need tuition waivers
- 3. Non-need athletic awards
- 4. Non-need federal grants
- 5. Non-need state grants
- 6. Non-need outside grants
- 7. Non-need student loans
- 8. Non-need parent loans
- 9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.